NOTES ON ACACIA, CHIEFLY FROM QUEENSLAND, III

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SUMMARY

Acacia brachycarpa, A. cretata, A. ensifolia and A. saxicola are new species. A. hubbardiana is a new name for A. plagiophylla F. Muell. non Spreng. A. undulifolia A. Cunn. ex G. Don is a synonym of A. uncinata Lindl., and A. holosericea A. Cunn. ex Benth. var. pubescens F. Muell. of A. pellita O. Schwarz. Pods of A. orites Pedley are described. A. binervata DC., A. brachybotrya Benth., A. dawsonii R. T. Bak., A. echinula DC., A. nilotica (L.) Del. subsp. indica (Benth.) Brenan, A. pilligaensis Maid., A. ramulosa W. V. Fitzg., A. rigens A. Cunn. ex G. Don and A. sphaerogemma Maid. & Blakely are recorded from Queensland.

Previous papers of this series on the taxonomy and distribution of species of *Acacia* have been published in Proc. Roy. Soc. Qd 74: 53–59 (1964) and 75: 29–35 (1964).

Acacia cretata Pedley; species nova affinis A. cunninghamii Hook. Typus: Story & Yapp 182 (Holotypus: BRI.051963)

Arbor usque ad 6 m alta cortice albido-cano fere laevi deinde aspero. Ramuli angulatissimi pruinosi. Phyllodia glabra glaucave, leviter falcata, obtusa vel mucronata, 7–12 cm longa, 1·0–3·5 cm lata, 2·5–7·5-plo longiora quam lata, ad basin glandula instructa, in petiolo crasso 2–3 mm longo abrupte contracta; nervi longitudinales 2–3 validi basin versus fere liberi, alii tenues late separati anastomosantes. Spicae usque ad 10 cm longae aliquantum sparsiflorae, in axillis superis geminatae, pedunculis ca 1–2 cm longis et rhachibus pruinosis instructae. Flores glabri 5-meri; calyx 0·6 mm longus, truncatus vel brevissime lobatus; corolla profunde lobata 1·6 mm longa; ovarium glabrum. Legumen lineare usque ad 10 cm longum seminibus longitudinalibus maturis non visis.

QUEENSLAND.—LEICHHARDT DISTRICT: Between Emerald and Rockhampton, Aug. 1960, Henderson & Henderson; 9 miles E. of Comet, Sept. 1961, Lazarides & Story 67; ca 25 miles NE. of Capella, July 1962, Story & Yapp 182; 18 miles NE. of Capella, Sept. 1964, Adams 1293. MITCHELL DISTRICT: Jericho, Aug. 1946, Clemens.

This has previously been included with a complex of taxa under the name *Acacia cunninghamii* Hook. but it can be distinguished from the other taxa by its pruinose branchlets and phyllodes, its phyllodes contracted abruptly into short stout petioles, and all parts of its flowers quite glabrous.

Acacia ensifolia Pedley; species nova affinis A. beckleri Tindale phyllodiis longioribus plus attenuatis corolla breviore non hirsuta differt. Typus: Everist 5657 (Holotypus BRI.065006).

Arbor usque ad 9 m alta. Cortex canus sulcatus deinde fuscus squamis asperis. Ramuli angulati glabri paullo glauci flavo-virides. Phyllodia coriacea prominenter uninervia, nervis marginalibus costae similibus, recta vel leviter falcata, lineari-lanceolata in apicem acutum sensim attenuata, 15-26 cm longa, 5-8 mm lata, 25-45-plo longiora quam lata, petiolo 2-4 mm longo glandula ad basin et interdum ad marginem superiorem 1 vel 2 glandulis instructa. Capitula 50-60-flora singula in pedunculis crassis glaucis usque ad 15 mm longis vel interdum in racemis usque ad 5 cm longis disposita. Flores 5-meri obconici; bractea peltata, 1.6 mm longa, ejus lamina disciformis valde pubescens et stipes gracilis glaber vel parce hirsutus; calyx 1.6 mm longus fulvus, e tubo glabro 1.3 mm longo et lobis obtusis dense ciliatis constructus; corolla 2.5 mm longa, tubo glabro calyce aequilongo, lobis ± acutis minute papillosis vel pubescentis; stamina numerosa pistillo aequilonga; ovarium glabrum breve stipitatum 1 mm longum; stylus glaber 2 mm longus. Legumina stipitata, linearia, glauca, 8-10 cm longa, 1.0-1.3 cm lata. Semina in legumine longitudinaliter disposita, funiculo filiformi apicem versus semel plicato, sed matura haud visa.

QUEENSLAND.—WARREGO DISTRICT: "Whynot" between Quilpie and Thargomindah, in gravelly clay with scattered gidyea, not common, Nov. 1957, *Everist* 5657; 23 miles W. of Quilpie, in pebbly red-brown loam with box, coolibah and some mulga, Oct. 1948, *Everist* 3559; 75 miles from Charleville on Quilpie road, broken ridges and gullies, pebbly red-brown loam to clay loam with *Eucalyptus thozetiana*, Sept. 1963, *Everist* 7521.

There may be some question as to whether A. ensifolia and A. beckleri are specifically distinct, but when the morphological differences are considered with the difference in ranges of the two, then it seems that specific distinction is warranted.

Acacia hubbardiana Pedley; nomen novum.

A. plagiophylla F. Muell. J. Linn. Soc. 3: 131 (1859), Wing's South. Sci.
 Rec. 2: 149 (1882), Icon. Aust. Sp. Acac. 4: 5 (1887); non Spreng.
 Syst. 3: 135 (1826). Type: Ad flumen Brisbane, Hill & Mueller (MEL).

QUEENSLAND.—WIDE BAY DISTRICT: Bundaberg, Keys; between Howard and Traverston, Oct. 1929, White 6354; Burrum Heads, Aug. 1962, Gittins 619; Goodwood, June 1915, Bick; Coondoo Creek, NW. of Mt. Coondoo, Dec. 1919, Francis; Lake Weyba, Aug. 1914, White. MORETON DISTRICT: Mt. Coolum, Apr. 1945, Clemens; Beerwah, May 1918, White; between Beerwah and Landsborough, June 1930, Hubbard 3100; Caloundra, Kenny; Sept. 1909, White; Aug. 1933, Everist 432, 438; May 1957, Wilson 678; Maroochy, Oct. 1874, Bailey; northern end of Moreton Bay, July 1918, Parker; Glasshouse Mtns., Bailey; July 1930, Hubbard 3360;

Sept. 1930, *Hubbard* 4127; May 1935, *Goy*; Oct. 1935, *Goy* 72; and July 1939, *Goy & Smith* 691; Lawnton, Aug. 1942, *White* 11804; Redcliffe Road about 19 miles from Brisbane, July 1928, *Bick*.

Bentham in Fl. Austr. 2: 356 (1864) stated that A. plagiophylla F. Muell. belonged probably to one of the varieties of A. undulifolia A. Cunn. ex G. Don, and at the same time he described A. undulifolia var. humilis citing "N.W. interior of N.S. Wales, Fraser; also the Brisbane specimens from F. Mueller and Leichhardt". Mueller (1882) redescribed A. plagiophylla with the citation "Near Durval [Toorbul] and Biroa [Mt. Beerwah, one of the Glasshouse Mountains], Dr. Leichhardt; vicinity of the Brisbane River, F. v. M. and W. Hill; Maroschie (sic), Bailey".

The Brisbane specimens of Mueller and Leichhardt cited by Bentham under A. undulifolia var. humilis are probably the same as those cited by Mueller under A. plagiophylla, but, as A. hubbardiana is confined to coastal lowlands and mountain peaks between Bundaberg and Brisbane, it is unlikely that Fraser's specimen from the interior of New South Wales belongs. Mueller's omission of this from specimens cited under A. plagiophylla may indicate that he held the same view.

- A. undulifolia var. humilis is probably based therefore on discordant elements, but it seems desirable to delay choosing a lectotype until there is a comprehensive review of A. undulifolia (= A. uncinata, see below).
- A. hubbardiana is not closely related to A. undulifolia and was correctly placed by Mueller in the series Triangulares.

The species is named to honour Dr. C. E. Hubbard, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, who collected extensively in Queensland.

Acacia orites Pedley, Proc. Roy. Soc. Qd 75: 32 (1964).

Pods linear, 8-11 cm long, 4 mm broad; valves glabrous, somewhat coriaceous, brown with pale marginal nerves, raised above the seeds. Seeds longitudinal, black, 3.5-4 mm long, 1.7-2 mm broad with a rather thick cream funicle folded once, forming an aril at the base of the seed.

Additional specimen examined: Moreton District: Springbrook, *Morley*, received Jan. 1966, fruiting in Oct.–Nov.

Fruiting material was not available when the species was described.

- Acacia pellita O. Schwarz, Repert. Spec. Nov. 24: 86 (1927). Isotype: Northern Territory: Port Darwin, 14 miles E., banks of Milners Creek, *Bleeser* 479 (MEL).
 - A. holosericea A. Cunn. ex Benth. var. pubescens F. Muell. J. Linn. Soc.
 3: 147 (1859); Pedley, Proc. Roy. Soc. Qd 74: 58 (1964); syn. nov.
 Holotype: banks of the Victoria River, Nov. 1853, Mueller (MEL).

Examination of type material has revealed that A. pellita and A. holosericea var. pubescens represent the same taxon which is sufficiently distinct from A. holosericea to be worthy of specific rank.

A locality additional to those previously recorded is: Northern Territory: Edith River, near upper falls, Sept. 1965, Siebel & Hansen in N.T. Timber & Forestry Bur. No. 20.

Acacia ulicifolia and allied species in Queensland.

Three species, two of them undescribed, have been confused with A. ulicifolia in Queensland. The following key may be used to distinguish the four.

Flower heads with bracts projecting beyond the flowerbuds; peduncles stout.

Phyllodes only slightly vertically flattened, usually less than 1.5 mm broad; bracts with mucro 1-1.2 mm long

A. echinula

Phyllodes vertically flattened, more than 1.5 mm broad; bracts with peltate lamina and mucro 0.4-0.6 mm long

A. saxicola

Flower heads with bracts not projecting beyond flowerbuds; peduncles slender.

Peduncles 1–2 mm long, much shorter than the phyllodes; pods 1–3-seeded, up to 2 cm long

A. brachycarpa

Peduncles at least 8 mm long, about as long as the phyllodes; pods usually with 6 or more seeds, up to 5 cm long

A. ulicifolia

A. brownii, a species also closely related to A. ulicifolia, is not known to occur in Queensland.

Acacia echinula DC. Prod. 2: 449 (1825).

A shrub to 1.5 m tall with somewhat tomentose branchlets; phyllodes spreading horizontally, acerose, 5–10 mm long, 0.5-1.2 mm broad, \pm terete when fresh but with a prominent rib on each side when dry; heads 30–40-flowered on solitary peduncles 6–16 mm long; bracts peltate, 2.2-2.4 mm long, the lamina with a point 1.0-1.2 mm long projecting beyond the bud.

QUEENSLAND .- MORETON DISTRICT: Crows Nest, Nov. 1919, Kenny.

The species is widespread in New South Wales but this is the first record of its occurrence in Queensland.

Acacia saxicola Pedley; species nova affinis A. echinulae DC. phyllodiis latioribus et bracteis brevioribus mucronibus minus elongatis differt. Typus: Pedley 2140 (Holotypus: BRI.065047).

Frutex ramosissimus usque ad 1.5 m altus. Ramuli teretes parce strigosi demum glabri. Phyllodia glabra, punctulata, \pm sessilia, plana, \pm anguste triangulares in cuspidem ca 1.5 mm longum rubicundum sensim attenuata, prominenter uninervia nervis marginalibus costae similibus, 7.5-14 mm longa, 1.7-3.0 mm lata, 2.7-6.7-plo longiora quam lata, glandula inconspicua in margine dorsali partis latissimae phyllodii paullum supra basin instructa. Stipulae persistentes setaceae 2-3 mm longae. Capitula 40-50-flora in pedunculis axillaribus

glabris phyllodiis aequilongis sita. Flores 5-meri; bractea stipitata e stipite $1\cdot 0-1\cdot 2$ mm longo, lamina fimbriata $0\cdot 8$ mm diam. mucrone obliquo $0\cdot 6$ mm longo in alabastro exserto; calyx e sepalis liberis anguste spathulatis $1\cdot 2-1\cdot 4$ mm longis constructus, in tertia summa parte pubescens, basem versus pilis longis paucis ornatus; lobi corollae 2 mm longi \pm liberi ovati glabri; stamina 4 mm longa; ovarium glabrum. Legumen glabrum. Semina in legumine longitudinaliter disposita depresso-globosa, 4 mm longa, $3\cdot 2$ mm lata, exarillata funiculo filiformi.

QUEENSLAND.—MORETON DISTRICT: Mt. Maroon, on rocky slopes on southern side, alt. ca 2,800 ft., Jan. 1962, Everist 7050; Mt. Maroon, on summit of plateau, abundant in pockets of soil in rock crevices, Jan. 1962, Everist 7040; Mt. Maroon, amongst boulders, southern slope of north peak, alt. above 3,000 ft., March 1962, Everist 7075; Mt. Maroon, in low heath at top of north-eastern gorge, alt. 2,900 ft., June 1966, Pedley 2140.

Acacia brachycarpa Pedley; species nova affinis *A. ulicifoliae* (Salisb.) Court pedunculis brevibus capitulis paucifloribus et leguminis brevioribus differt. Typus: *Speck* 1852 (Holotypus: BRI.059777).

Frutex ramosissimus usque ad 2 m altus. Ramuli indumento pilorum alborum rigidorum $0 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot 4$ mm longorum ornati. Stipulae lineares acutae fulvae scariosae $0 \cdot 7 - 1 \cdot 0$ mm longae. Phyllodia recta rigida acerosa pungentia, punctulata, 9–15 mm longa, $0 \cdot 8 - 1 \cdot 1$ mm lata utrinque valide uninervia, glandula $1 \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 5$ mm supra basin praedita. Capitula 10 - 18-flora in pedunculis axillaribus glabris $1 \cdot 3 - 2 \cdot 0$ mm longis (fructiferis 3 - 4 mm longis). Flores 5-meri; bractea peltata e stipite gracili glabro $0 \cdot 3 - 0 \cdot 4$ mm longo, lamina oblique acuminata circiter $0 \cdot 7$ mm longa; sepala \pm libera, spathulata, acuta vel obtusa, $0 \cdot 5 - 0 \cdot 7$ mm longa, $0 \cdot 3 - 0 \cdot 4$ mm lata, in dimidio supero pubescentia vel ciliata; petala \pm libera, glabra, acuta $1 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 3$ mm longa, $0 \cdot 2 - 0 \cdot 3$ mm lata; stamina $2 \cdot 5$ mm longa; ovarium glabrum. Legumen oblongum 6 - 20 mm longum, 3 mm latum. Semina in legumine longitudinaliter disposita, oblonga, $3 \cdot 5$ mm longa, $2 \cdot 0$ mm lata, funiculo filiformi non plicato.

QUEENSLAND.—LEICHHARDT DISTRICT: Blackdown Tableland (149° E., 24° S.), Sept. 1959, Johnson 1135A, July 1965, Gittins 949; 21 miles SE. of "Bedourie" (ca 40 miles NW. of Taroom), Oct. 1963, Speck 1852; Carnarvon Creek, July 1949, Althofer 82. Darling Downs District: Stanthorpe, Westacott. Moreton District: Crows Nest, June and Sept. 1924, Brass 20, Sept. 1920 and Aug. 1922, Kenny; 12 miles N. of Helidon, July 1966, Ward; Helidon-Ravensbourne area, Sept. 1963, Hockings.

A. brachycarpa occurs sporadically in south-eastern Queensland usually on sandstone. Its range is generally more inland than that of A. ulicifolia with which, however it sometimes occurs, for example at Crows Nest and on the Blackdown Tableland. It flowers later in the year than A. ulicifolia, has deeper yellow flowers, and its pods and peduncles are always much shorter.

Acacia ulicifolia (Salisb.) Court, Vict. Nat. 73: 173 (1957).

A shrub to 2 m tall, occasionally prostrate with somewhat tomentose branchlets; phyllodes spreading, acerose (6-) $7\cdot5-11$ mm long, $0\cdot6-1\cdot3$ $(-1\cdot6)$ mm broad, flattened with a prominent rib on each side; heads 20-35-flowered on solitary peduncles 8-15 mm long; bracts not peltate, the lamina oval produced into a point $0\cdot2-0\cdot4$, rarely $0\cdot6$ mm long not projecting beyond the bud.

QUEENSLAND,-NORTH KENNEDY DISTRICT: SFR 438, Tumoulin near Ravenshoe, Mar. 1961, Dansie 2032 in QFD.62/149. LEICHHARDT DISTRICT: Blackdown Tableland (149° E., 24° S.), Sept. 1959, Johnson 1118, and July 1965, Gittins. WIDE BAY DISTRICT: Fraser I., Aug. 1918, Petrie 103, Oct. 1930, Hubbard 4512, and Oct. 1921, White 1333; Tin Can Bay, Sept. 1943, White 12251; ca 24 miles a little N. of E. of Gympie, May 1964, Smith 12123; between Howard and Traverston, Oct. 1929, White 6381; Noosa Downs, Tewantin district, May 1957, Wilson 653. BURNETT DISTRICT: Mount Perry, Keys. Moreton District: Yarraman, Sept. 1924, Cameron Y42; Crows Nest, Sept. 1920, Kenny; Mt. Byron, ca 20 miles ENE. of Esk, Nov. 1963, Everist 7609; Mt. Edwards, Apr. 1934, Everist 605; Moreton I., Sept. 1908, Field Naturalists Excur.; Moreton I., E. of Tangalooma, Oct. 1964, McKee 11636; Stradbroke I., Apr. 1915, Bick, Oct. 1916, Bick, Apr. 1930, Hubbard 2263, and Sept. 1935, Goy 40; Chermside near Brisbane, Aug. 1916, White; Kedron Brook near Brisbane, July 1874, Bailey; Brisbane River, 1863-1865, Dietrich; between Coopers Plains and Sunnybank, near Brisbane, June 1930, Hubbard 3050; Sunnybank, Aug. 1911, White; Mt. Maroon, June 1966, Pedley 2146; Coombabah near Southport, May 1957, Wilson 627; Tugun, Sept. 1930, White 7096. DARLING DOWNS DISTRICT: Between Warwick and Stanthorpe, Sept. 1949, Burns; Dalveen, Nov. 1946, Everist & Webb 1287; Jolly's Falls, ca 10 miles N. of Stanthorpe, Oct. 1962, Hockings; Passchendaele, Epps in QFD.56/278; Amiens, 10 miles NW. of Stanthorpe, Oct. 1963, Pedley 1492, and Harslett in Pedley 1509; Stanthorpe, Aug. 1930, Westacott; Severn, Hartmann; Thulimbah, Sept. 1929, Thomson; Eukey-Mt. Tully road, Sept. 1956, Shea S21; 8 miles E. of Wyberba, Oct. 1958, Pedley 315; Wallangarra, Sept. 1919, Ball and Apr. 1956, Constable in NSW.37304.

There is some variation in peduncle length and phyllode size. Specimens from the wallum (coastal heath) tend to have shorter, broader phyllodes than those from sub-coastal districts, but there is no clear-cut division. *Wilson* 627 and 653 have particularly short broad phyllodes.

Acacia uncinata Lindl. Bot. Reg. 15: t. 1332 (1830).

A. undulifolia [Lodd. Bot. Cab. 16: t. 1544 (1829), nomen nudum; Loud. Hort. Brit. 407 (1830), nomen nudum] A. Cunn. ex G. Don, Gen. Syst. 2: 404 (1832); syn. nov.

QUEENSLAND.—DARLING DOWNS DISTRICT: Barakula, Aug. 1956, May; Barakula, SFR 302 Malcolm, Aug. 1964, Hawkins; Goombungee, June 1959, Ward; 6 miles S. of Warwick, Nov. 1946, Everist & Webb 1265; Passchendaele, 10 miles NW. of Stanthorpe, Flitcroft; Bapaume, NW. of Stanthorpe, Sept. and Oct. 1956, Shea S26; Messines, NW. of Stanthorpe, Jan. 1931, Greener; Oct. 1963, Pedley 1520; Amiens, 10 miles WNW. of Stanthorpe, Oct. 1963, Harslett in Pedley 1515; Wallangarra, Sept. 1919, Ball.

A. undulifolia was validly published in 1832, two years after the publication of A. uncinata. Names previously published are nomina nuda.

No attempt has been made to recognise infra-specific taxa as a knowledge of the species throughout its range is desirable before this is attempted.

NEW RECORDS FOR QUEENSLAND

Acacia binervata DC.

Moreton District: Lower Springbrook, 20 miles SW. of Southport, Oct. 1963, Hockings.

Acacia brachybotrya Benth.

GREGORY SOUTH DISTRICT: Poeppel Corner (138° E., 26° S.), Sept. 1966, Boyland 254.

Acacia dawsonii R.T. Bak.

DARLING DOWNS DISTRICT: Amiens, ca. 10 miles WNW. of Stanthorpe, Sep. 1966, Ward 287.

Acacia nilotica (L.) Del. subsp. indica (Benth.) Brenan

A. arabica (Lam.) Willd, var. indica Benth.

BURKE DISTRICT: Hughenden, Jan. and Sept. 1959, Ward; Richmond, June 1959, Richmond Shire Council; Julia Creek, July 1959, Sillar. NORTH KENNEDY DISTRICT: Edgecumbe Bay, Michael 1226; Bowen, Feb. 1923, White, Jan. 1944, Hancock, and Aug. 1963, Cottam. MITCHELL DISTRICT: Barcaldine, April 1919, White and Nov. 1943, White 12355 (cultivated). SOUTH KENNEDY DISTRICT: Mackay, in 1914, Jones (cultivated); 10 miles NE. of Alpha, April 1961, Johnson 2169. LEICHHARDT DISTRICT: 14 miles S. of Clermont, May 1964, Wetherall 87. Port Curtis District: Rockhampton, May and Oct. 1925, Court, and Jan. 1948, Michael 3102. Wide Bay District: Maryborough, Feb. 1964 and Nov. 1965, Harvey.

A. nilotica subsp. indica is cultivated in Queensland, and is naturalized in some places, notably Hughenden, Winton, Longreach, Barcaldine, Aramac, Bowen and Rockhampton. It was first noted as being naturalized at Rockhampton in 1925.

Leaves and pods are palatable to stock and are a valuable source of protein. Young plants however form thickets and impede the movement of livestock and interfere with the flow of streams. In 1957 it was declared a noxious plant throughout Queensland under "The Stock Routes and Rural Lands Protection Acts".

Acacia pilligaensis Maid.

Darling Downs District: Weranga, ca 10 miles E. of Tara, May 1961, Smith 11345, and Sept. 1966, Price; cultivated at Glenmorgan by D. M. Gordon from seeds collected in N.S.W., Sept. 1961, Pedley 856.

A specimen (Mitchell District: Jericho, June 1913, *Boorman*) referred by Maiden (J. & Proc. Roy. Soc. N.S.W. 53: 189 (1920)) with considerable doubt to *A. pilligaensis* differs from the specimens cited in having glabrous branchlets and more spathulate phyllodes. Nothing resembling Boorman's specimen has been collected since in the Jericho area.

Acacia ramulosa W.V. Fitzg.

GREGORY SOUTH DISTRICT: 90 miles WNW. of Birdsville, on flats between sandhills, Sept. 1966, Boyland 292.

Acacia rigens A. Cunn. ex G. Don

WARREGO DISTRICT: "Gilruth Plains", near Cunnamulla, July 1966, Brooker.

Acacia sphaerogemma Maid. & Blakely

BURKE DISTRICT: "Highland Plains", 100 miles N. of Camooweal, May 1966, Pedley 2045; "Adel's Grove", 90 miles SW. of Burketown, April 1950, de Lestang 462.